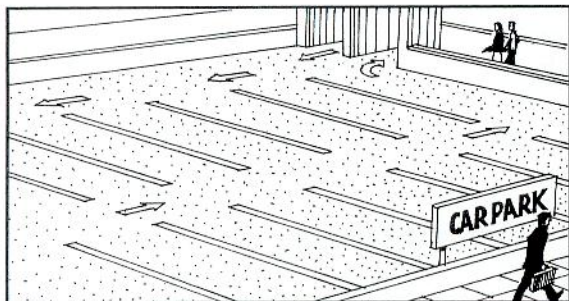


not + any no none

A



The car park is empty.

There aren't **any** cars } in the car park.
There are **no** cars }

How many cars are there in the car park?
None.

not (n't) + any

- There aren't **any** cars in the car park.
- Sally and Steve haven't got **any** children.
- You can have some coffee but I don't want **any**.

no + noun (no cars / no garden etc.)

no ... = **not** + **any** or **not** + **a**:

- There are **no** cars in the car park. (= there aren't **any** cars)
- We've got **no** coffee. (= we haven't got **any** coffee)
- It's a nice house but there's **no** garden. (= there isn't **a** garden)

We use **no** ... especially after **have** (got) and **there is/are**.

negative verb + **any** = *positive verb* + **no**:

- They **haven't** got **any** children. or They've got **no** children.
(not 'They haven't got no children')
- There **isn't** **any** sugar in your coffee. or There's **no** sugar in your coffee.

B

no and none

Use **no** + *noun* (**no** money / **no** children etc.):

- We've got **no** money.
- Everything was OK. There were **no** problems.

Use **none** alone (*without* a noun):

- 'How much money have you got?' 'None.' (= no money)
- 'Were there any problems?' 'No, none.' (= no problems)

C

none and no-one

none = 0 (zero)

None is an answer for **How much?** / **How many?** (*things or people*):

- 'How much money have you got?' 'None.' (= no money)
- 'How many people did you meet?' 'None.' (= no people)

no-one = nobody (⇒ Unit 77)

No-one is an answer for **Who?**:

- 'Who did you meet?' 'No-one.' (or Nobody.)

EXERCISES

76.1 Write these sentences again with **no**.

- 1 We haven't got any money. We've got no money.
- 2 There aren't any shops near here. There are
- 3 Carol hasn't got any free time.
- 4 There isn't a light in this room.

Write these sentences again with **any**.

- 5 We've got no money. We haven't got any money.
- 6 There's no tea in the pot.
- 7 There are no buses today.
- 8 Tom has got no brothers or sisters.

76.2 Put in **no** or **any**.

- 1 There's no sugar in your coffee.
- 2 My brother is married but he hasn't got children.
- 3 Sue doesn't speak foreign languages.
- 4 I'm afraid there's coffee. Would you like some tea?
- 5 'Look at those birds!' 'Birds? Where? I can't see birds.'
- 6 'Do you know where Jane is?' 'No, I've got idea.'

Put in **no**, **any** or **none**.

- 7 There aren't pictures on the wall.
- 8 The weather was cold but there was wind.
- 9 I wanted to buy some oranges but they didn't have in the shop.
- 10 Everything was correct. There were mistakes.
- 11 'How much luggage have you got?' '.....'
- 12 'How much luggage have you got?' 'I haven't got'

76.3 Complete the sentences. Use **any** or **no** + one of these words:

answer difference film friends furniture heating money
photographs problems questions

- 1 Everything was OK. There were no problems.
- 2 They want to go on holiday but they've got
- 3 I'm not going to answer
- 4 He's always alone. He's got
- 5 There is between these two machines. They're exactly the same.
- 6 There wasn't in the room. It was completely empty.
- 7 I tried to phone you yesterday but there was
- 8 The house is cold because there isn't
- 9 I can't take There's in the camera.

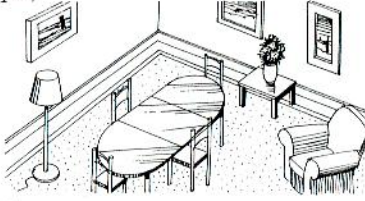
76.4 Write short answers (one or two words) to these questions. Use **none** where necessary.

- 1 How many letters did you write yesterday? Two. OR A lot. OR None.
- 2 How many sisters have you got?
- 3 How much coffee did you drink yesterday?
- 4 How many photographs have you taken today?
- 5 How many legs has a snake got?

not + anybody/anyone/anything nobody/no-one/nothing

A

not + anybody/anyone
nobody/no-one
(for people)



- There **isn't** $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{anybody} \\ \text{anyone} \end{array} \right\}$ in the room.
- There **is** $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{nobody} \\ \text{no-one} \end{array} \right\}$ in the room.
- A: **Who** is in the room?
B: **Nobody.** / **No-one.**

anybody = anyone nobody = no-one
(-body and -one are the same)

not + anything
nothing
(for things)



- There **isn't** **anything** in the bag.
- There **is** **nothing** in the bag.
- A: **What's** in the bag?
B: **Nothing.**

B

not + anybody/anyone

- I **don't** know **anybody** (or **anyone**) here.

nobody = not + anybody

no-one = not + anyone

- I'm lonely. I've got **nobody** to talk to.
(= I haven't got **anybody**)
- The house is empty. There is **no-one** in it.
(= There **isn't** **anyone** in it.)

not + anything

- I **can't** remember **anything**.

nothing = not + anything

- She said **nothing**.
(= She **didn't** say **anything**.)
- There's **nothing** to eat.
(= There **isn't** **anything** to eat.)

C

You can use **nobody/no-one/nothing** at the beginning of a sentence or alone (to answer a question):

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The house is empty. Nobody lives there.
(not 'Anybody lives there') • 'Who did you speak to?' 'No-one.' | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nothing happened.
(not 'Anything happened') • 'What did you say?' 'Nothing.' |
|--|---|

D

Remember: *negative verb* + **anybody/anyone/anything**
positive verb + **nobody/no-one/nothing**

- He **doesn't** know **anything**. (not 'He doesn't know nothing')
- **Don't** tell **anybody**. (not 'Don't tell nobody')
- There **is** **nothing** to do in this town. (not 'There isn't nothing')

EXERCISES

77.1 Write these sentences again with **nobody/no-one** or **nothing**.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 There isn't anything in the bag. | There's <u>nothing in the bag.</u> |
| 2 There isn't anybody in the office. | There's |
| 3 I haven't got anything to do. | I |
| 4 There isn't anything on TV. | |
| 5 There wasn't anyone at home. | |
| 6 We didn't find anything. | |

77.2 Write these sentences again with **anybody/anyone** or **anything**.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1 There's nothing in the bag. | There isn't <u>anything in the bag.</u> |
| 2 There was nobody on the bus. | There wasn't |
| 3 I've got nothing to read. | |
| 4 I've got no-one to help me. | |
| 5 She heard nothing. | |
| 6 We've got nothing for dinner. | |

77.3 Answer these questions with **nobody/no-one** or **nothing**.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1a What did you say? <u>Nothing.</u> | 5a Who knows the answer? |
| 2a Who saw you? <u>Nobody.</u> | 6a What did you buy? |
| 3a What do you want? | 7a What happened? |
| 4a Who did you meet? | 8a Who was late? |

Now answer the same questions with full sentences.

Use **nobody/no-one/nothing** or **anybody/anyone/anything**.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1b <u>I didn't say anything.</u> | 5b the answer. |
| 2b <u>Nobody saw me.</u> | 6b |
| 3b I don't | 7b |
| 4b I | 8b |

77.4 Complete the sentences. Use **nobody/no-one/nothing/anybody/anyone/anything**.

- That house is empty. Nobody lives there.
- Jack has a bad memory. He can't remember anything.
- Be quiet! Don't say
- I didn't know about the meeting. told me.
- 'What did you have to eat?' '..... I wasn't hungry.'
- I didn't eat I wasn't hungry.
- Jenny was sitting alone. She wasn't with
- I'm afraid I can't help you. There's I can do.
- I don't know about car engines.
- The museum is free. It doesn't cost to go in.
- I heard a knock on the door but when I opened it there was there.
- She spoke very fast. I didn't understand
- 'What are you doing this evening?' '..... Why?'
- Helen has gone away. knows where she is. She didn't tell where she was going.

somebody/anything/nowhere etc.

A



Somebody (or **someone**) has broken the window.

somebody/someone = a person but we don't know who



She has got **something** in her mouth.

something = a thing but we don't know what



Tom lives **somewhere** near London.

somewhere = in/to a place but we don't know where

B

people (-body or -one)

somebody or **someone**
anybody or **anyone**
nobody or **no-one**

- There is **somebody** (or **someone**) in the garden.
- Is there **anybody** (or **anyone**) in the garden?
- There isn't **anybody** (or **anyone**) in the garden.
- There is **nobody** (or **no-one**) in the garden.

-body and **-one** are the same: **somebody** = **someone**, **nobody** = **no-one** etc.

things (-thing)

something
anything
nothing

- She said **something** but I didn't understand her.
- Are you doing **anything** at the weekend?
- I was angry but I didn't say **anything**.
- 'What did you say?' 'Nothing.'

places (-where)

somewhere
anywhere
nowhere

- They live **somewhere** in the south of England.
- Did you go **anywhere** interesting for your holidays?
- I'm staying here. I'm **not** going **anywhere**.
- I don't like this town. There is **nowhere** to go.

C

something/anybody etc. + adjective (**big/cheap/interesting** etc.)

- Did you meet **anybody interesting** at the party?
- We always go to the same place. Let's go **somewhere different**.
- 'What's that letter?' 'It's **nothing important**.'

D

something/anybody etc. + to ...

- I'm hungry. I want **something to eat**. (= something that I can eat)
- He hasn't got **anybody to talk to**. (= anybody that he can talk to)
- There is **nowhere to go** in this town. (= nowhere where people can go)

EXERCISES

78.1 Put in **somebody** (or **someone**) / **something** / **somewhere**.

- 1 She said something.
 2 I've lost
 3 They went
 4 I'm going to phone

- What did she say?
 What have you lost?
 Where did they go?
 Who are you going to phone?

78.2 Put in **nobody** (or **no-one**) / **nothing** / **nowhere**.

- 1a What did you say?
 2a Where are you going?
 3a What do you want?
 4a Who are you looking for?

Nothing.....

Now answer the same questions with full sentences. Use **not + anybody/anything/anywhere**.

- 1b I didn't say anything.
 2b I'm not

78.3 Put in **somebody/anything/nowhere** etc.

- 1 It's dark. I can't see anything.
- 2 Tom lives somewhere near London.
- 3 Do you know about computers?
- 4 'Listen!' 'What? I can't hear
- 5 'What are you doing here?' 'I'm waiting for
- 6 Please listen carefully. There's I want to tell you.
- 7 'Did see the accident?' 'No,
- 8 We weren't hungry, so we didn't eat
- 9 'What's going to happen?' 'I don't know. knows.'
- 10 'Do you know in London?' 'Yes, a few people.'
- 11 'What's in that cupboard?' '..... It's empty.'
- 12 I'm looking for my glasses. I can't find them
- 13 I don't like cold weather. I want to live warm.
- 14 Is there interesting on television tonight?
- 15 Have you ever met famous?

78.4 Complete the sentences. Choose from Box A and Box B.

A something anything nothing
 somewhere anywhere nowhere

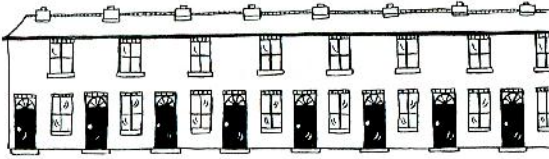
B do drink eat go
 play read sit stay

You can use these words more than once.

- 1 We don't go out very much because there's nowhere to go.
- 2 There isn't any food in the house. We haven't got
- 3 I'm bored. I've got
- 4 'Why are you standing?' 'Because there isn't
- 5 'Would you like?' 'Yes, please – a glass of orange juice.'
- 6 All the hotels were full. There was
- 7 I want I'm going to buy a magazine.
- 8 Children need

every and all

A every



Every house in the street is the same.

every house in the street = **all the houses** in the street

We use **every** + *singular noun* (**every house** / **every country** etc.):

- Alice has been to **every country** in Europe.
- **Every summer** we have a holiday by the sea.
- She looks different **every time** I see her.

Use a *singular verb* after **every** ... :

- **Every house** in the street **is** the same. (*not* 'are the same')
- **Every country** **has** a national flag. (*not* 'have')

Compare **every** and **all**:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Every student in the class passed the exam. • Every country has a national flag. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All the students in the class passed the exam. • All countries have a national flag.
--	--

B every day and all day

<p>every day = on all days:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>how often?</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">SUN + MON + TUE + WED + THUR + FRI + SAT</p> <p style="text-align: center;">↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓</p> <p style="text-align: center;">EVERY DAY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A: How often do you read a newspaper? B: Every day. • Bill watches TV for about two hours every evening. (= on all evenings) <p><i>also every morning/night/summer etc.</i></p>	<p>all day = the complete day:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>how long?</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Beginning of the day ← ALL DAY → End of the day</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The weather was bad yesterday. It rained all day. • I was tired after work yesterday, so I watched TV all evening. (= the complete evening) <p><i>also all morning/night/summer etc.</i></p>
---	---

C everybody (or everyone) / everything / everywhere

<p>everybody or everyone (<i>people</i>)</p> <p>everything (<i>things</i>)</p> <p>everywhere (<i>places</i>)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Everybody (<i>or Everyone</i>) needs friends. (= all people need friends) • Have you got everything you need? (= all the things you need) • I've lost my watch. I've looked everywhere for it. (= I've looked in all places)
--	---

Use a *singular verb* after **everybody/everyone/everything**:

- **Everybody** **has** problems. (*not* 'Everybody have')

EXERCISES

79.1 Complete the sentences. Use **every** + one of these words:

day room student time word

- 1 Every student in the class passed the exam.
- 2 My job is very boring. is the same.
- 3 Kate is a very good tennis player. When we play, she wins
- 4 in the hotel has a private bathroom.
- 5 'Did you understand what she said?' 'Most of it but not

79.2 Complete the sentences with **every day** or **all day**.

- 1 Yesterday it rained all day.
- 2 I buy a newspaper but sometimes I don't read it.
- 3 I'm not going out tomorrow. I'll be at home
- 4 I usually drink about four cups of coffee
- 5 Paula was ill yesterday, so she stayed in bed
- 6 Last year we went to the seaside for a week and it rained
- 7 I'm tired now because I've been working hard

79.3 Put in **every** or **all**.

- 1 Bill watches TV for about two hours every evening.
- 2 Barbara gets up at 6.30 morning.
- 3 The weather was nice yesterday, so we sat in the garden afternoon.
- 4 I'm going away on Monday. I'll be away week.
- 5 'How often do you go skiing?' '..... year. Usually in March.'
- 6 A: Were you at home at 10 o'clock yesterday?
B: Yes, I was at home morning. I went out after lunch.
- 7 My sister likes cars. She buys a new one year.
- 8 I saw Jack at the party. He wasn't very friendly. He didn't speak to me evening.
- 9 We go away on holiday for two or three weeks summer.

79.4 Put in **everybody**/**everything**/**everywhere**.

- 1 Everybody needs friends.
- 2 Chris knows about computers.
- 3 I like the people here. is very friendly.
- 4 This is a nice hotel. It's comfortable and is very clean.
- 5 Kevin never uses his car. He goes by motor-bike.
- 6 Let's have dinner. is hungry.
- 7 Sue's house is full of books. There are books
- 8 You are right. you say is true.

79.5 Put in a verb (one word).



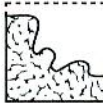

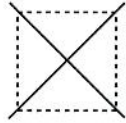
- 1 Everybody has problems.
- 2 Are you ready yet? Everybody waiting for you.
- 3 The house is empty. Everyone gone out.
- 4 George is very popular. Everybody him.
- 5 This town is completely different. Everything changed.
- 6 I arrived home very late. I came in quietly because everyone asleep.
- 7 Everybody mistakes!

all most some any no/none

A Compare:

<p>children/money/books etc. (in general):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Children like playing. (= children in general) ● Money isn't everything. (= money in general) ● I enjoy reading books. ● Everybody needs friends. 	<p>the children / the money / these books etc.:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Where are the children? (= our children) ● I want to buy a car but I haven't got the money. (= the money for a car) ● Have you read these books? ● I often go out with my friends.
--	--

B most/most of ... , some/some of ... etc.

<p>most/some etc. + noun:</p> <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">all most some any no</td> <td style="text-align: center;">of</td> <td style="text-align: center;">cities children books money</td> </tr> </table> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  all </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  most </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  some </div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Most children like playing. (= children in general) ● I don't want any money. ● Some books are better than others. ● He's got no friends. ● All cities have the same problems. (= cities in general) <p>Do not use of in these sentences:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Most people drive too fast. (<i>not</i> 'Most of people') ● Some birds can't fly. (<i>not</i> 'Some of birds') 	all most some any no	of	cities children books money	<p>most of/some of etc. + the/this/my ... etc.</p> <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">all most some any none</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(of)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">the ... this/that ... these/those ... my/your ... etc.</td> </tr> </table> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  any </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  no / none / not + any </div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Most of the children at this school are under 11 years old. ● I don't want any of this money. ● Some of these books are very old. ● None of my friends live near me. <p>We say all the ... / all my ... etc. (usually without of):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● All the students in our class passed the exam. ● Silvia has lived in London all her life. 	all most some any none	(of)	the ... this/that ... these/those ... my/your ... etc.
all most some any no	of	cities children books money					
all most some any none	(of)	the ... this/that ... these/those ... my/your ... etc.					

C all of it / most of them / none of us etc.

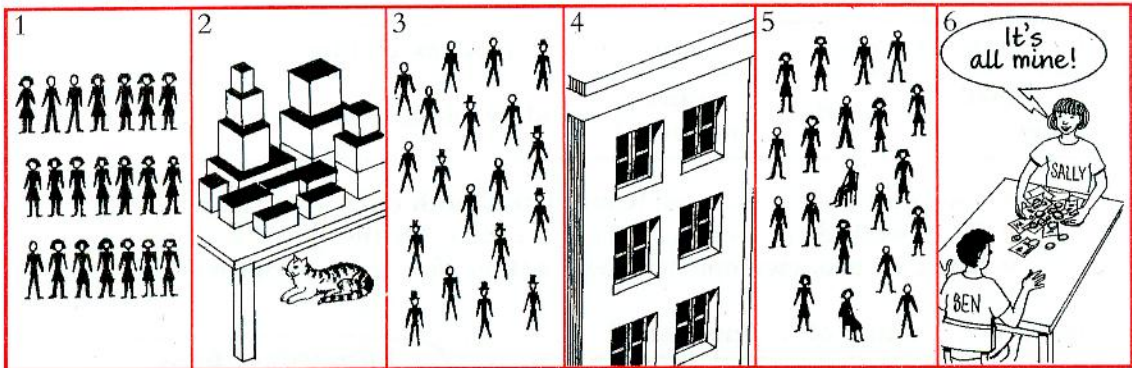
<table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">all most some any none</td> <td style="text-align: center;">of</td> <td style="text-align: center;">it them us you</td> </tr> </table>	all most some any none	of	it them us you	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● You can have some of this cake but not all of it. ● A: Do you know those people? B: Most of them, but not all of them. ● Some of us are going out tonight. Why don't you come with us? ● I've got a lot of books but I haven't read any of them. ● 'How many of these books have you read?' 'None of them.'
all most some any none	of	it them us you		

EXERCISES

Complete the sentences. Use the word in brackets (**some/most** etc.). Sometimes you need **of** (**some of / most of** etc.).

- 1 Most children like playing. (most)
- 2 Some of this money is yours. (some)
- 3 people never stop talking. (some)
- 4 the shops in the city centre close at 6.30. (most)
- 5 You can change your money in banks. (most)
- 6 I don't like the pictures in the living room. (any)
- 7 He's lost his money. (all)
- 8 my friends are married. (none)
- 9 Do you know the people in this photograph? (any)
- 10 birds can fly. (most)
- 11 I enjoyed the film but I didn't like the ending. (most)
- 12 sports are very dangerous. (some)
- 13 We can't find anywhere to stay. the hotels are full. (all)
- 14 You must have this cheese. It's delicious. (some)
- 15 The weather was bad when we were on holiday. It rained the time. (most)

Look at the pictures and answer the questions. Use **all/most/some/none + of them / of it**.



- 1 How many of the people are women? Most of them.
- 2 How many of the boxes are on the table?
- 3 How many of the men are wearing hats?
- 4 How many of the windows are open?
- 5 How many of the people are standing?
- 6 How much of the money is Ben's?

Right or wrong? Correct the sentences that are wrong. Write *OK* if the sentence is correct.

- 1 (Most of children) like playing. Most children
- 2 All the students failed the exam. OK
- 3 Some of people work too hard.
- 4 Some of questions in the exam were very easy.
- 5 I haven't seen any of those people before.
- 6 All of insects have six legs.
- 7 Have you read all these books?
- 8 Most of students in our class are very nice.
- 9 Most of my friends are going to the party.
- 10 I'm very tired this morning - I was awake most of night.