# a car / some money (countable/uncountable 1)

A noun can be countable or uncountable.

#### Countable nouns

For example: (a) car (a) man (a) key (a) house (a) flower (an) idea (an) accident

You can use **one/two/three** (etc.) + countable nouns (you can count them):









Countable nouns can be *singular* (= one) or *plural* (= two or more):

plural:

a car

my car two cars

the car etc. the cars

some cars

many cars etc.

- I've got a car.
- There aren't many cars in the car park.
- New cars are very expensive.

You *cannot* use the singular (car/house/key etc.) alone. You need  $a/an \implies 0$  Unit 64):

• We can't get in without a key. (not 'without key')

#### Uncountable nouns

For example: water air rice salt plastic music tennis money



You cannot say one/two/three (etc.) + these things: one water

Uncountable nouns have only one form:

the money money my money some money

much money etc.

- I've got some money.
- There isn't much money in the box.
- Money isn't everything.

You cannot use a/an + uncountable nouns: a money music

But you can say a piece of ... / a glass of ... etc. + uncountable noun:

- a glass of water
- a can of oil
- a bar of chocolate

- a piece of cheese
- a bottle of milk
- a piece of music

- a bowl of rice
- a cup of coffee
- a game of tennis

What are these things? Some are countable and some are uncountable. Write **a/an** if necessary. The names of these things are:

bucket egg		nilk <del>salt</del> noney sand	<del>spoon</del> toothbrus	toothpa: h wallet	ste
		3	4	5	
It's salt.	It's a spoon	It's	It's	It's	It's
7	8	9	10 0	11	12
It's	It's	It's	It's	It's	It's

- 66.2 Some of these sentences are right, but some of them need a/an. Put in a/an where necessary.
  - 1 I haven't got watch a watch
    2 Do you like cheese? OK
  - 3 Ann never wears hat.
  - 4 Are you looking for job?
  - 5 Mary doesn't eat meat.
  - 6 Mary eats apple every day.
  - 7 I'm going to party tonight.
  - 8 Music is wonderful thing.

- 9 Jamaica is island.
- 10 I don't need key.
- 11 Everybody needs food.
- 12 I've got good idea.
- 13 Can you drive car?
- 14 Do you want cup of coffee?
- 15 I don't like coffee without milk.
- 16 Don't go out without umbrella.
- 66.3 What are the things in the pictures? Write a ... of ... for each picture. Use the words in the boxes.



bar	cup	loaf
bottle	glass	piece
bowl	jar	piece

bread	milk	tea
chocolate	paper	water
honey	soup	wood

1	a bottle of milk	4	 7	
2		5	 8	
3		6	 9	

# a car / some money (countable/uncountable 2)

## a/an and some

a/an + singular countable noun (car/apple/shoe etc.):

- I need a new car.
- Would you like an apple?

**some** + plural countable nouns (cars/apples/shoes etc.):

- I need some new shoes.
- Would you like some apples?

**some** + *uncountable nouns* (water/money/music etc.):

- I need some money.
- Would you like some cheese?
- (or Would you like a piece of cheese?)



some cheese or a piece of cheese

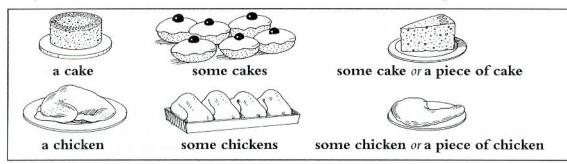
an apple

some apples

Compare a and some:

- Linda bought a hat, some shoes and some perfume.
- I read a newspaper, wrote some letters and listened to some music.

Many nouns are sometimes countable and sometimes uncountable. For example:



Compare a paper (= a newspaper) and some paper:

- I want something to read. I'm going to buy a paper.
- I want to make a list. I need some paper / a piece of paper. (not 'a paper')

Be careful with these nouns – they are usually uncountable:

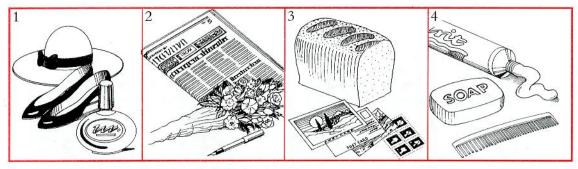
information advice weather news bread hair furniture work

- I need some information about hotels in London. (not 'informations')
- It's nice weather today. (not 'a nice weather')
- Listen! I've just had some good news. (not 'a good news')
- I'm going to buy some bread. (not 'a bread')
- Sue has got very long hair. (not 'hairs')
- They've got some very nice furniture in their house. (not 'furnitures')
- 'Do you like your job?' 'Yes, but it's hard work.' (not 'a hard work')

We say a job (but not 'a work'):

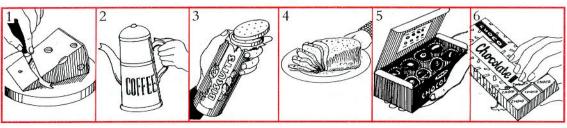
I've got a new job. (not 'a new work')

#### **67.1** What did you buy? Use the pictures to make sentences (I bought ...).



1	I bought some perfume, a hat and some shoes.
2	I bought
3	
4	

## 67.2 Write sentences with Would you like a ... ? or Would you like some ... ?



1	Would you like some cheese?		4	?
2	Would you like	?	5	 ?
3	Would	?	6	 ?

## 67.3 Put in a/an or some.

1	I read a book and listened to some music.
2	I need money. I want to buy food.
3	We metinteresting people at the party.
4	I'm going to open window to get fresh air.
5	She didn't eat much for lunch – only apple and bread.
6	We live in big house. There's nice garden with beautiful trees.
7	I'm going to make a table. First I needwood.
8	Listen to me carefully. I'm going to give you advice.
9	I want to write a letter. I need paper and pen.

## 67.4 Which is right?

- 1 I'm going to buy some new shoe/shoes. shoes is right
- 2 Martin has got brown eye/eyes.
- 3 Paula has got short black hair/hairs.
- 4 The tourist guide gave us some information/informations about the town.
- 5 We're going to buy some new chair/chairs.
- 6 We're going to buy some new furniture/furnitures.
- 7 It's difficult to get a work/job at the moment.
- 8 We had <u>lovely weather</u> / a <u>lovely weather</u> when we were on holiday.

## a/an and the

A

# a/an Can you open a window? There are *three* windows here. $\mathbf{a}$ window = window 1 or 2 or 3

- I've got a car. (there are many cars and I've got one)
- Can I ask a question? (there are many questions – can I ask one?)
- Is there a hotel near here? (there are many hotels – is there one near here?)
- Paris is an interesting city. (there are many interesting cities and Paris is one)
- Lisa is a student. (there are many students and Lisa is one)

#### the



There is only *one* window here – **the** window.

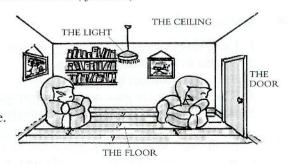
- I'm going to clean the car tomorrow. (= my car)
- Can you repeat the question, please? (= the question that you asked)
- We enjoyed our holiday. **The hotel** was very nice. (= our hotel)
- Paris is the capital of France. (there is only one capital of France)
- Lisa is the youngest student in her class. (there is only one youngest student in her class)

## Compare **a** and **the**:

- I bought a jacket and a shirt. The jacket was cheap but the shirt was expensive. (= the jacket and the shirt that I bought)
- We say **the** ... when it is clear which thing or person we mean. For example:

the door / the ceiling / the floor / the carpet / the light etc. (of a room) the roof / the garden / the kitchen / the bathroom etc. (of a house) the centre / the station / the airport / the town hall etc. (of a town)

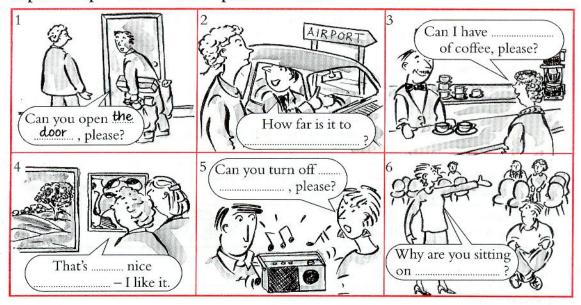
- 'Where's Tom?' 'In the kitchen.' (= the kitchen in this house or flat)
- Turn off the light and close the door. (= the light and the door of the room)
- Do you live far from the centre? (= the centre of your town)
- I'd like to speak to the manager, please. (= the manager of this shop etc.)



#### 68.1 Put in a/an or the.

- 1 We enjoyed our holiday. The hotel was very nice.
- 2 'Can I ask ... question?' 'Of course. What do you want to ask?'
- 3 You look very tired. You need ...... holiday.
- 4 'Where's Tom?' 'He's in ..... bathroom.'
- 5 Jane is ..... interesting person. You must meet her.
- 6 A: Excuse me, can you tell me how to get to .....city centre?
  - B: Yes, go straight on and then take .....next turning left.
- 7 A: Shall we go out for ..... meal this evening?
  - B: Yes, that's ..... good idea.
- 8 It's ..... nice morning. Let's go for ..... walk.
- 10 Peter and Mary have got two children, ...... boy and ..... girl. boy is seven years old and ...... girl is three. Peter works in ...... factory. Mary hasn't got ...... job at the moment.
- 8.2 Complete the sentences. Use a or the + one of these words:

airport cup door floor picture radio



- 8.3 Put in a/an or the where necessary.
  - 1 Don't forget to turn off light when you go out. turn off the light
  - 2 Enjoy your holiday and don't forget to send me postcard. ....
  - 3 What is name of this village?
  - 4 Canada is very big country.
  - 5 What is largest city in Canada?
  - 6 I like this room but I don't like colour of carpet.
  - 7 'Are you OK?' 'No, I've got headache.'
  - 8 We live in old house near station.
  - 9 What is name of director of film we saw last night?

## the ...

- We use **the** when it is clear which thing or person we mean:
  - What is **the name** of this street? (this street has only one name)
  - Who is the best player in your team?
  - Can you tell me **the time**, please? (= the time *now*)
  - My office is on the first floor. (= the first floor of the building)

#### Don't forget the:

- Do you live near **the city centre**? (not 'near city centre')
- Excuse me, where is the nearest bank? (not 'where is nearest ...')
- B the same ...
  - We live in the same street. (not 'in same street')
  - 'Are these two books different?' 'No, they're the same.' (not 'they're same')
- C We say:

the sun / the moon / the world / the sky / the sea / the country:

- The sky is blue and the sun is shining.
- Do you live in a town or in the country?

the police / the fire brigade / the army (of a city, country etc.):

My brother is a soldier. He's in the army.

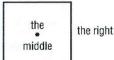


#### the top / the end / the middle / the left etc.:

- Write your name at the top of the page.
- My house is at the end of this street.
- The table is in **the middle of** the room.
- Do you drive on the right or on the left in your country?

the top

the left



the bottom

(play) the piano / the guitar / the trumpet etc. (musical instruments):

Paula is learning to play the piano.



#### the radio:

I listen to the radio a lot.



#### n We do not use the with:

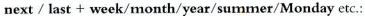
#### television:

- I watch television a lot. What's on television tonight?
- but Can you turn off the television? (= the TV set)



#### breakfast / lunch / dinner:

- What did you have for breakfast? (not 'the breakfast')
- Dinner is ready!



- I'm not working next week. (not 'the next week')
- Did you have a holiday **last summer**? (not 'the last summer')



59.1	Put in the where necessary.	. Write OK if the sentence is already	correct.
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1	What is name of this street? the name
2	Al/
3	Our apartment is on second floor.
4	
5	Which is best hotel in this town?
6	What time is lunch?
7	TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
8	We're going away at end of May.
9	What are you doing next weekend?
10	I didn't like her first time I met her.
11	I'm going out after dinner.
12	What's biggest city in world?
	My sister got married last month.
14	My dictionary is on top shelf on right.
15	We live in country about five miles from nearest village.
Cor	nplete the sentences. Use: the same + age colour problem street time.
1	I live in North Street and you live in North Street. We live in the same street.
2	I arrived at 8.30 and you arrived at 8.30. We arrived at
	Jim is 25 and Sue is 25. Jim and Sue are
	My shirt is dark blue and so is my jacket. My shirt and jacket are
+	My sinit is dark blue and so is my jacket, my sinit and jacket are

**69.3** Look at the pictures and complete the sentences. Use **the** if necessary.



5 I've got no money and you've got no money. We've got

1	The sun is shining.	4	He's listening to
2	She's playing	5	They're watching
	They're having	6	They're swimming in

**59.4** Complete these sentences. Choose from the list. Use **the** if necessary.

U	omplete	mese semend	65. 6110056	TOTH THE HS	056 <b>the</b> 11 116	obssary.			
C	apital	dinner	police	lunch	middle	name	sky	television	
1	We had	dinner a	t a restaurar	t last nigh	t.				
2	We star	yed at a very	nice hotel	but I don'	t remember				
3			is v	ery clear t	onight. You	can see all	the stars		
4	Did yo	u see the fil	m on		la	st night?			
5	Someb	ody was try	ing to breal	c into the s	shop so I call	ed			
6	Tokyo	is		of Ja	pan.				
7	'What	did you hav	e for		?'	'A salad.'	,		
8	I woke	up in			of the night.				

# go to work go home go to the cinema







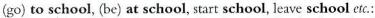
They're going to school.



He's in bed.

We say:

- (go) to work, (be) at work, start work, finish work:
  - Goodbye! I'm going to work now. (not 'to the work')
  - I finish work at 5 o'clock every day.



- What did you learn at school today? (not 'at the school')
- Some children don't like school.
- (go) to university/college, (be) at university/college:
  - Helen wants to go to university when she leaves school.
  - What did you study at college?
- (go) to hospital, (be) in hospital:
  - Jack was in an accident. He had to go to hospital.
- (go) to prison, (be) in prison:
  - Why is he in prison? What did he do?
- (go) to church, (be) in/at church:
  - David usually goes to church on Sundays.
- (go) to bed, (be) in bed:
  - I'm tired. I'm going to bed. (not 'to the bed')
  - 'Where's Jill?' 'She's in bed.'
- (go) home, (be) at home etc.:
  - I'm tired. I'm going home. (not 'to home')
  - Are you going out tonight or are you staying at home?

B We say:

- (go to) the cinema / the theatre / the bank / the post office:
  - I never go to the theatre but I often go to the cinema.
  - 'Are you going to the bank?' 'No, the post office.'

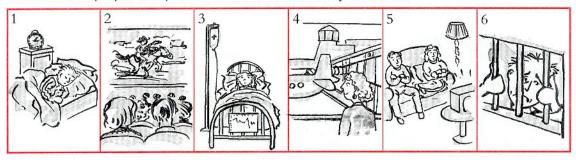
(go to) the doctor, the dentist:

- You're not well. Why don't you go to **the doctor**?
- I'm going to the dentist tomorrow.

also the station / the airport / the city centre ( $\Rightarrow$  Unit 68)



Where are these people? Complete the sentences. Sometimes you need the.



1	He's	in	bed.	

3 She's in .....

5 They're at .....

1	They're at	
4	They ie at	i,

4 She's at .....

6 He's in .....

Complete the sentences. Choose from the list. Use the if necessary.

bank bed church home post office school station 1 I need some money. I must go to the bank.

2 David usually goes to church on Sundays.

3 In Britain, children go to ...... from the age of five.

4 There were a lot of people at ....... waiting for the train.

6 I'm going to ...... now. Goodnight!

7 I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ to get some stamps.

70.3 Complete the sentences. Sometimes you need the.

1 If you want to catch a plane, you go to the airport.

2 If you want to see a film, you go to

3 If you are tired and you want to sleep, you .....

4 If you rob a bank and the police catch you, you

5 If you have a problem with your teeth, you .....

6 If you want to study after you leave school, you ......

7 If you are injured in an accident, you .....

Put in **the** where necessary. Write OK if the sentence is complete.

to the cinema 1 We went to cinema last night.

2 I finish work at 5 o'clock every day. OK

3 Mary wasn't feeling well yesterday, so she went to doctor.

4 I wasn't feeling well this morning, so I stayed in bed. .....

5 Why is Angela always late for work?

6 'Where are the children?' 'They're at school.'

7 We've got no money in bank. .....

8 When I was younger, I went to church every Sunday. 9 What time do you usually get home from work?

10 Do you live far from city centre?

11 'Where shall we meet?' 'At station.'

12 Jim is ill. He's in hospital.

13 Margaret takes her children to school every day.

14 Would you like to go to university?

15 Would you like to go to theatre this evening?