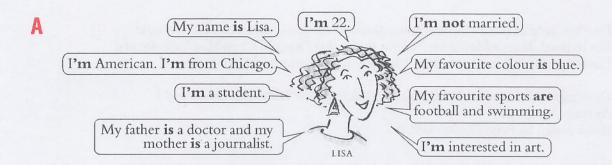
am/is/are



positive

I	am	(I 'm)
he she it	is	(he's) (she's) (it's)
we you they	are	(we're) (you're) (they're)

negative

I	am	not	(I'm not)		
he she it	is	not	(he's not (she's not (it's not	or	he isn't) she isn't) it isn't)
we you they	are	not	(we're not (you're not (they're not	or	we aren't) you aren't) they aren't)

- I'm cold. Can you close the window, please?
- I'm 32 years old. My sister is 29.
- My brother is very tall. He's a policeman.
- John is afraid of dogs.
- It's ten o'clock. You're late again.
- Ann and I are good friends.
- Your keys are on the table.
- I'm tired but I'm not hungry.
- Tom isn't interested in politics. He's interested in music.
- Jane isn't at home at the moment. She's at work.
- Those people aren't English. They're Australian.
- It's sunny today but it isn't warm.
- that's = that is there's = there is here's = here is
 - Thank you. That's very kind of you.
 - Look! There's Chris.
 - 'Here's your key.' 'Thank you.'



I'm afraid

of dogs.

1	Write the short form (she's / we a	ren't etc.).			
	1 she is she's		ot		
	2 they are	4 that is		6 you are not	
2	Put in am, is or are.				
	1 The weather is nice today		Look! There		
	2 I not tired. 3 This bag heavy.			good tennis player 1e. Her childrena	
	4 These bagsheavy.			er. My sister a nu	
	Write full sentences. Use is/isn't/	are/aren't.			
	1 (your shoes very dirty) You				
	2 (my brother a teacher) My 3 (this house not very big)				
	3 (this house not very big) 4 (the shops not open today)				
	5 (my keys in my bag)				
	6 (Jenny 18 years old)				
	7 (you not very tall) Look at Lisa's sentences (Unit 1A)				
	1 (name?) My		A STATE OF THE STA	te colour or colours?)	
	2 (from?) I				
	3 (age?) I		7 (interest	ed in?)	
	4 (job?) I				
			The more	han others of the sum	e Kind.
	Write sentences for the pictures.	Jse: atraid	angry cold ho	t hungry thirsty	or wanting
	1(0)0-0-2	3 (20)	J' 4 3 11	6	
		1 5 8			17次。
					Total .
		1.1		TO LETTER DE	A W
	7 700	- CO		Marin Kon Wind	
	1 She's thirsty.	3 He		. 5	
	2 They	4		. 6	***************************************
	Write true sentences, positive or n	egative. Use	am / am not / is / isr	i't / are / aren't.	
	1 (I / interested in politics)				
	2 (I / hungry) I				
	3 (it / warm today) It				
	5 (my hands / cold) 6 (Canada / a very big country				
	7 (diamonds / cheap)				
	9 (Rome / in Spain)				

am/is/are (questions)

positive

OUSILIVE	
I	am
he she it	is
we you they	are

question



What's your name?) David. Are you married? (No, I'm single. How old are you? Are you a student?) Yes, I am.

- 'Am I late?' 'No, you're on time.'
- 'Is your mother at home?' 'No, she's out.'
- 'Are your parents at home?' 'No, they're out.' a Reton's forther or mother
- 'Is it cold in your room?' 'Yes, a little.'
- Your shoes are nice. Are they new?

We say:

- Is she at home? / Is your mother at home? (not 'Is at home your mother?')
- Are they new? / Are your shoes new? (not 'Are new your shoes?')
- Where ... ? / What ... ? / Who ... ? / How ... ? / Why ... ?
 - Where is your mother? Is she at home?
 - 'What colour is your car?' 'It's red.'
 - **How are** your parents? Are they well?
 - 'How much are these postcards?' 'Fifty pence.'
- 'Where are you from?' 'Canada.'
- 'How old is Joe?' 'He's 24.'
- Why are you angry?

what's = what is

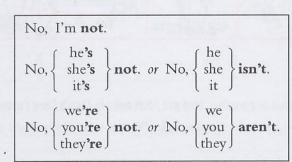
who's = who is how's = how is where's = where is

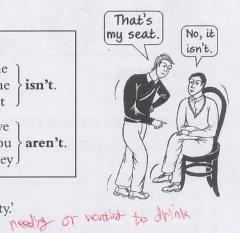
• What's the time? Where's Jill?

Who's that man? • How's your father?

C

short answers





- 'Are you tired?' 'Yes, I am.'
- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I'm not but I'm thirsty.' • 'Is your friend English?' 'Yes, he is.'
- 'Are these your keys?' 'Yes, they are.'
- 'That's my seat. 'No, it isn't.'

2 Is ye 3 Is L 4 Am 5 Wh 6 Wh 7 Are 8 Ho	ere's the camera? our car blue? inda from London? I late? ere's Ann from? at colour is your bag? you hungry? w is George? o's that woman?	A London. B No, I'm not. C Yes, you are. D My sister. E Black. F No, it's black. G In your bag. H No, she's American. I Very well.	1
1 (at ho 2 (your 3 (inter 4 (the s	estions with these words. Usine / your mother?) parents / well?) esting / your job?) hops / open today?) ested in sport / you?)	se is or are . Is your mother at home Are your parents well?	?
6 (near 7 (at sch 8 (why	here / the post office?) nool / your children?) / you / late?)	. / Who / Where / How	
		How are your parents?	They're very well. At the end of the street.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	th	the bus stop? your children? these oranges? your favourite sport? e man in this photograph? your new shoes?	Five, six and ten. £1.20 a kilo. Skiing. That's my father. Black.



Paul.	
I'm married.	
No, I'm Australian	
I'm 30.	
No, I'm a lawyer.	
No, she's a designe	r.
She's Italian.	
Anna.	
She's 27.	

Write short answers (Yes, I am. / No, he isn't. etc.).

1	Are you married?	No, I'm not.
2	Are you thirsty?	
3	Is it cold today?	

4	Are your hands	cold?	***************************************
5	Is it dark now?		

I am doing (present continuous)

A



She's eating. She isn't reading.



It's raining.
The sun isn't shining.



They're running.
They aren't walking.

The present continuous is: am/is/are + doing/eating/running/writing etc.

I	am	(not)	-ing	I'm working.
he she it	is	(not)	-ing	Chris is writ ing a letter. She isn't eat ing . (or She's not eat ing .) The phone is ring ing .
we you they	are	(not)	-ing	We're having dinner. You're not listening to me. (or You aren't) The children are doing their homework.

B am/is/are + -ing = something is happening now:

I'm working she's wearing a hat they're playing football I'm not watching television

past — now — future

- Please be quiet. I'm working. (= I'm working now)
- Look at Sue! She's wearing her new hat. (= she is wearing it now)
- The weather is nice at the moment. It's not raining.
- 'Where are the children?' 'They're playing in the park.'
- (on the phone) We're having dinner now. Can you phone again later?

You can turn off the television. I'm not watching it.

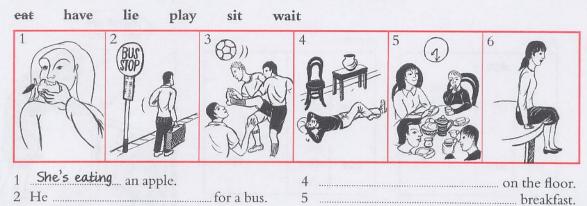
Spelling (\Rightarrow Appendix 5):

come \rightarrow coming write \rightarrow writing dance \rightarrow dancing

run \rightarrow running sit \rightarrow sitting swim \rightarrow swimming

lie \rightarrow lying

What are these people doing? Use these verbs to complete the sentences:

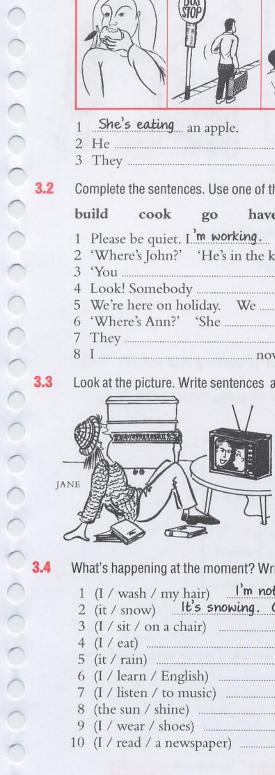


Complete the sentences. Use one of these verbs:

They football.

b	aild	cook	go	have	stand	stay	swim	work	
1	Please	be quiet.	I'm wor	king.					
2	'Whe	re's John?'	'He's	in the kitc	hen. He			,	
					n my foot.'				
					i				
5	We're	here on he	oliday.	We			at the Cen	tral Hotel.	
6	'Whe	re's Ann?'	'She	•••••		a sho	wer.'		
								the momen	ıt.

Look at the picture. Write sentences about Jane. Use She's -ing or She isn't -ing.



(have dinner) Jane isn't having dinner. (watch television) She's watching television. 3 (sit on the floor) She (read a book) (play the piano) (laugh) (wear a hat) (write a letter)

on the table.

What's happening at the moment? Write true sentences.

1	(I / wash / my hair) I'm not washing my hair.
2	(it / snow) It's snowing. OR It isn't snowing.
3	(I / sit / on a chair)
4	(I / eat)
5	(it / rain)
6	(I / learn / English)
7	(I / listen / to music)
8	(the sun / shine)
9	(I / wear / shoes)
10	(I / read / a newspaper)

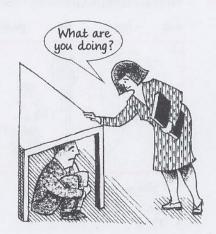
are you doing? (present continuous questions)

positive

I am	
he she it	doing working going staying
you they are	etc.

auestion

am	I	
is	he she it	doing? working? going? staying?
are .	we you they	etc.



- 'Are you feeling OK?' 'Yes, I'm fine, thank you.'
- 'Is it raining?' 'Yes, take an umbrella.'
- Why are you wearing a coat? It's not cold.
- 'What's Paul doing?' 'He's reading the newspaper.'
- 'What are the children doing?' 'They're watching television.'
- Look, there's Sally! Where's she going?
- Who are you waiting for? Are you waiting for Sue?

Study the word order:

short answers

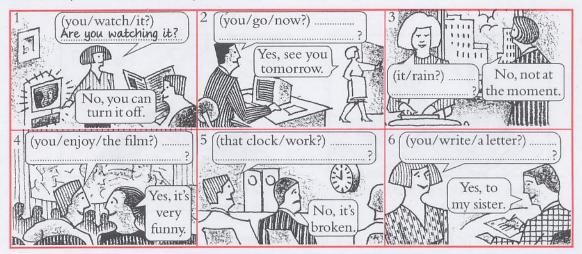
Yes, I am.

Yes,
$$\begin{cases} he \\ she \\ it \end{cases}$$
 is.

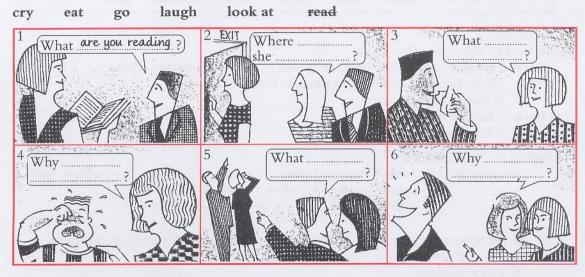
Yes, $\begin{cases} we \\ you \\ they \end{cases}$ are.

- 'Are you going now?' 'Yes, I am.'
- 'Is Paul working today?' 'Yes, he is.'
- 'Is it raining?' 'No, it isn't.'
- 'Are your friends staying at a hotel?' 'No, they aren't. They're staying with me.'

4.1 Look at the pictures and write the questions.



4.2 Look at the pictures and complete the questions. Use one of these:



- **4.3** Write questions from these words. Use **is** or **are** and put the words in order.
 - 1 (working / Paul / today?) Is Paul working today?
 - 2 (what / doing / the children?) What are the children doing?
 - 3 (you / listening / to me?)
 - 4 (where / going / your friends?)
 - 5 (your parents / television / watching?)
 - 6 (what / cooking / Ann?)
 - 7 (why / you / looking / at me?)
 - 8 (coming / the bus?)
- 4.4 Write short answers (Yes, I am. / No, he isn't. etc.)
 - 1 Are you watching TV? No, I'm not.
 - 2 Are you wearing a watch?
 - 3 Are you eating something?
- 4 Is it raining?
- 5 Are you sitting on the floor?
- 6 Are you feeling well?

I do/work/like etc. (present simple)

A



They're looking at their books. They **read** a lot.



He's eating an ice-cream.

He **likes** ice-cream.

They **read** / he **likes** / I **work** etc. = the present simple:

I/we/you/they	read	like	work	live	watch	do	have
he/she/it	reads	likes	works	lives	watch es	does	has

Remember:

he works / she lives / it rains etc.

- I work in a shop. My brother works in a bank. (not 'My brother work')
- Linda lives in London. Her parents live in Scotland.
- It rains a lot in winter.

I have → he/she/it has:

• John has a shower every day.

Spelling (\Rightarrow Appendix 5):

-es after -s / -sh / -ch: pass
$$\rightarrow$$
 passes finish \rightarrow finishes watch \rightarrow watches -y \rightarrow -ies: study \rightarrow studies try \rightarrow tries do \rightarrow does go \rightarrow goes

- B We use the present simple for things that are true in general, or for things that happen sometimes or all the time:
 - I like big cities.
 - The shops **open** at 9 o'clock and **close** at 5.30.
 - Tim works very hard. He starts at 7.30 and finishes at 8 o'clock in the evening.
 - The Earth goes round the Sun.
 - We do a lot of different things in our free time.
 - It costs a lot of money to stay at luxury hotels.
- always/never/often/sometimes/usually + present simple
 - I usually go to work by car but sometimes I walk. (not 'I go usually')

Sue always arrives at work early. (not 'Sue arrives always')

- Julia never eats breakfast.
- Tom lives near us. We often see him.

0	
0	
0	EXERCISES
5.1	Write these verbs + -s or -es.
	1 (read) she reads 3 (fly) it
5.2	Complete the sentences about the people in the pictures. Use these verbs:
	eat go live play play sleep
	1 2 5 We love films. A NIGHT A NIGHT
0	
0	My piano. Our house.
0	1 He plays the piano. 4 tennis. 2 They in a very big house. 5 to the cinema a lot.
0	2 They in a very big house. 5 to the cinema a lot. 3 a lot of fruit. 6 eight hours a night.
5.3	Complete the sentences. Use these verbs:
	boil close cost cost like like meet open speak teach wash
	1 Margaret speaks four languages. 2 In Britain the banks usually at 9.30 in the morning.
	3 The City Museum at 5 o'clock in the evening.
0	5 My job is very interesting. I a lot of people.
0	6 Peter his hair twice a week. 7 Food is expensive. It a lot of money.
0	8 Shoes are expensive. They a lot of money. 9 Water at 100 degrees Celsius.
0	10 Julia and I are good friends. I
5.4	Write sentences from these words. Put the verb in the right form (arrive or arrives etc.).
0	1 (always / early / Sue / arrive) Sue always arrives early. 2 (basketball / I / play / often) I
0	3 (work / Margaret / hard / usually)
	4 (Jenny / always / nice clothes / wear) 5 (dinner / we / have / always / at 7.30)
	6 (television / Tim / watch / never)
9	8 (Julia / parties / enjoy / always)
5.5	Write sentences about yourself. Use always/never/often/sometimes/usually.
0	1 (watch television) I never watch television. / I usually watch television in the evening. (etc.) 2 (read in bed) I
0	3 (get up before 7 o'clock)
0	4 (go to work/school by bus) 5 (drink coffee)
0	